MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHERT

TITANIUM S/G WHITE

Page:

HMIS CODES: HFRP

1

100A

PRODUCT CODE: TITA24

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: HARRIS PAINTS COMPANY

: PO BOX 364723

SAN JUAN, P.R. 00936-4723

EMERGENCY PHONE : 800-424-9300 CHEMTRE DATE PRINTED : 11/02/01

INFORMATION PHONE : 787-798-1005 NAME OF PREPARER : DAVID MUNOZ

REPORTABLE COMPONENTS

VAPOR PRESSURE

Weight

CAS NUMBER

mm HG @ Temp

Percent

THIS MATERIAL DOES NOT CONTAIN ANY SUBSTANCE WHICH IS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF 40 CPR 372.

BOILING RANGE: NOT DETERMINED SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1): VAPOR DENSITY: NOT DETERMINED EVAPORATION RATE: NOT DETERMINED **COATING V.O.C.**: 0.86 lb/gl **MATERIAL V.O.C.**: 0.39 lb/ql

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: WATER SOLUBLE

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: MILD ODOR.

FLASH POINT: NON FLAMMABLE

METHOD USED: NONE

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME-LOWER: n/a

UPPER: n/a

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Respiratory equipment should be worn to avoid inhalation of concentrated vapors. Water should not be used except as fog to keep nearby

containers cool.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

EXTINGUISH MEDIA: FOAM, CO2, DRY CHEMICAL, WATER FOG

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Due to pressure build-up, closed contai-ners exposed to extreme heat may explote. During emergency conditions, over-exposure to descomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be inmediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

STABILITY: STABLE CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Excessive heat, poor ventilation, corrosive atmospheres, excessive aging.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):

Alkaline materials, strong acids and oxidizing materials.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS:

May cause hazardous fumes when heated to decomposition. Fumes may contain carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and oxides of metals listed in section II. Fumes may also contain oxides of nitrogen.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

TITANIUM S/G WHITE Page:

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

2

INHALATION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION: Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches & loss of coordination.

SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Primary irritation.

SKIN ABSORPTION HEALTH RISKS

IRRITATION.

INGESTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, nausea and diarrhea.

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC)

PROLONGED AND REPEATED BREATHING OF SPRAY MIST AND/OR SANDING DUST OVER A PERIOD OF YEARS MAY CAUSE LUNG DISEASE.

CARCINOGENICITY: NTP CARCINOGEN: NO IARC MONOGRAPHS: NO OSHA REGULATED: NO

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None when used in accordance with Safe Handling and Use information, (See section VII)

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Inhalation overexposure - Move person to fresh air. If breathing stops, apply artificial respiration and seek immediate medical attention. By contact-flush with large quantities of water for 15 minutes. Skin contact - Wash throughly with soap and water. Ingestion - Do not induce vomiting, can cause chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. Contact physician immediately.

SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Eliminate ignition sources, provide good ventilation, dike spill area and add absorbent earth or sawdust to spilled liquid. Thoroughly wet with water and mix.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Collect adsorbent/water/spilled liquid mixture into metal containers and addenough water to cover. Consult local state and federal hazardous regulation before disposing into approved hazardous wasted landfills. Obey relevant law.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Use non-sparking utensils when handling this material. Avoid hot metal surface. Keep away from excessive heat and open flames. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

NONE.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

When spraying this material use a NIOSH approved cartridge respirator or gasmask suitable to keep airborne mists and vapor concentration below thresholdlimit values. When using in poorly ventilated and confined spaces, use a fresh air supplying respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.

VENTILATION

General mechanical ventilation or local exhaust should be suitable to keep vapor concentrations below TLV. Ventilation equipment must

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

TITANIUM S/G WHITE

Page:

3

be explosion proof.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

NOT REQUIRED.

EYE PROTECTION

Do not get in eyes. Safety eyewear with splash guards or sideshields is recommended to prevent contact.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT

NOT REQUIRED.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES

Rye washes and safety showers in the workplace is recommended.

To the best or our knowledge, the information contained here is accurate, obtanied from sources beleived to be accurate. We neither guarantee that any hazards mentioned are the only ones which exists. The manner of that use and whether there is any infrigement of patents is the sole responsability of the user.